



POLICY	
Title: Governance Code	Document ID: CP003

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1.0 PURPOSE

- 1.1** The purpose of this Governance Code is to define good corporate governance to ensure that the company is managed in an efficient, effective manner, and in compliance with relevant laws, rules and guidelines for the benefit of all Shareholders over the longer term.

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2.0 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

ROLES	RESPONSIBILITIES
Management	Is responsible for ensuring the Governance Code is accurate and fit for purpose, and preparing the first review of the policy for presentation to the Board.
Board	Is responsible for approving the Governance Code on recommendation from Management.

3.0 DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS


TERM/ABBREVIATION	DEFINITION
Act, or FMC Act	Means the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013
Board	Means the Board of Directors of the company
CEO	Means the Chief Executive Officer of the company
Chairperson	Means the Chair of the Board
Code	Means this Governance Code
Company	Means Cannasouth Limited
Director	Means a member of the Board
Financial Product(s)	Has the meaning given in Section 7 of the FMC Act (as expanded by section 8 of that act) and also includes a Right
Listing Rules	Mean the current listing rules of the NZX market
Management	Means the management personnel of the company
Secretary	Means the Company Secretary or the person normally exercising the functions of a Company Secretary
Shareholders	Means the shareholders of the Company, and Shareholder means any one of them
Substantial Holder	Has the meaning given in section 274(1) of the FMC Act

4.0 GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES

4.1 Role of the Board

The Board is responsible for directing the Company and enhancing its value for Shareholders in accordance with good governance principles.

4.2 Chairperson

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The Board elects a Chairperson whose primary responsibility is the efficient functioning of the Board.

4.3 Chief Executive Officer

The Board appoints a CEO who is responsible for the management of the Company in accordance with the strategies approved by the Board.

4.4 Separation of Roles

The Board endorses the separation of the roles of Chairperson and CEO.

4.5 Link with Performance

The Board recognises that the quality with which it performs its functions is an integral part of the performance of the Company and that there is a strong link between good governance and performance.

4.6 Annual Review

This Code outlines the governance principles and guidelines in place to assist the Board in achieving its objective for the Company. The Board annually reviews the Code and reports to Shareholders on implementation of the principles and guidelines of the Code and on any significant departures from the principles and guidelines.

4.7 Code of Ethics

The Board recognises that high ethical standards and behaviours are central to good governance and it is committed to implementing, reviewing and monitoring observance to a written Code of Ethics for the Company. The Code of Ethics applying as at the date of the adoption of this Governance Code are part of the current Governance Policies.


4.8 Information to New Directors

On appointment to the Board, a director will be given a copy of this Code, any induction training determined by the Board as to the responsibilities of the directors and a comprehensive appointment letter covering the role of the Board, the Board's expectations of the director and any terms of his or her appointment.

5.0 ROLE OF THE BOARD

5.1 Company's Objectives

The objective of the Company is to generate growth, corporate profit and Shareholder gain with a consideration for developing and delivering quality products while ensuring environmental sustainability and the health and safety of all.

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5.2 Direction of Company

In pursuing this objective, the role of the Board is to assume accountability for the success of the Company by taking responsibility for the direction and governance of the Company.


5.3 Main Functions of the Board

The main functions of the Board are to:

- 5.3.1** approve, and from time-to-time review, the Company's corporate mission statement
- 5.3.2** select and (if necessary) replace the CEO;
- 5.3.3** ensure that the Company has adequate Management to achieve its objectives and to support the CEO and that a satisfactory plan for Management succession is in place;
- 5.3.4** review and approve the strategic, business and financial plans prepared by Management and to develop a depth of knowledge of the Company's business to understand and question the assumptions upon which such plans are based and to reach an independent judgment on the probability that such plans can be achieved;
- 5.3.5** review and approve individual investment and divestment decisions which the Board has determined should be referred to it before implementation;
- 5.3.6** review and approve material transactions not in the ordinary course of the Company's business;
- 5.3.7** approve the appointments by, or at the request of, the Company (including its affiliates) to the boards of directors of subsidiary and associate companies;
- 5.3.8** monitor the Company's performance against its approved strategic, business and financial plans and to oversee the Company's operating results on a regular basis to evaluate whether the business is being properly managed;
- 5.3.9** ensure ethical behaviour by the Company, the Board and Management, including compliance with the Company's Constitution, the relevant laws, Listing Rules and regulations and the relevant auditing and accounting standards and principles;
- 5.3.10** implement and from time-to-time review the Company's Code of Ethics, foster high standards of ethical conduct and personal behaviour and hold accountable those directors, managers or other employees who engage in unethical behaviours;
- 5.3.11** ensure the quality and independence of the Company's external audit process;
- 5.3.12** assess from time-to-time its own effectiveness in carrying out these functions and the other responsibilities of the Board.

5.4 Board Relationship with CEO

The Board acknowledges that its key role is to provide high level counsel to the CEO, to constantly monitor the performance of the CEO against the Board's requirements and

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expectations and to take timely action if the objective of the Company is not being achieved or a correction to Management is required.

6.0 COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD

6.1 Board Skills

The Board should always comprise members whose skills, experience and attributes together reflect diversity, balance, cohesion and match the demands facing the Company.


6.2 Appointments to the Board

Every new appointment to the Board is considered after taking into account the range of relevant skills, diversity and experience a potential new director may offer the Board and his or her ability to fully commit the time needed to be effective as a director of the Company.

6.3 Board Membership


The Board has adopted the following principles:

- 6.3.1** The minimum number of directors shall be 3 and the maximum number of directors 6.
- 6.3.2** The Board shall maintain at least a minimum number of two Independent Directors (as defined in this Code) and at least two directors must be ordinarily resident in New Zealand, subject to applicable NZX Listing Rules.
- 6.3.3** A person may be appointed to the board by:
 - 6.3.3.1** Appointment by the Board;
 - 6.3.3.2** Nomination and appointment at an annual or special meeting;
 - 6.3.3.3** Appointment by a shareholder as outlined in Rule 2.4 of the Listing Rules;
 - 6.3.3.4** Appointment as an alternate director with the consent of a majority of his or her co-directors as outlined in Rule 2.5 of the Listing Rules.
- 6.3.4** No person (other than a director retiring at the meeting) shall be elected as a director at a meeting of Shareholders unless that person has been nominated by a Shareholder entitled to attend and vote at the meeting. The closing date for nominations shall be the applicable notice period determined by applicable NZX Listing Rules at which the election is to take place. The Company shall release the closing date for nomination at least 10 business days prior to the closing date. There shall be no restriction on the persons who may be nominated as directors unless:
 - 6.3.4.1** The director is required to hold certain Financial Products to qualify as a director;
 - 6.3.4.2** Applicable probity and legislation restricts who may be a director of the Company.

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Subject to the above, there shall be no precondition to the nomination of a director other than compliance with the time limits in accordance with this clause. Notice of every nomination shall be given by the Company to all persons entitled to attend the meeting as part of the notice of meeting.

- 6.3.5** A director must not hold office without re-election past the third annual meeting following the director's appointment, or 3 years, whichever is longer. However, a director appointed by the Board must submit himself or herself for reappointment by shareholders at the next annual meeting following his or her appointment.
- 6.3.6** All directors may continue to act where there is a vacancy on the Board and the minimum number of directors is less than that required by this Code, but only to address the Board shortfall or call a shareholder's meeting.
- 6.3.7** All directors (other than directors appointed by a shareholder under Rule 2.4 of the Listing Rules) can be removed from office by Ordinary Resolution.
- 6.3.8** A person must not be appointed a director of the Company unless he or she has consented in writing to be a director and certified that he or she is not disqualified from being appointed or holding office as a director of the Company.
- 6.3.9** Other than those directors holding office pursuant to the provisions of the Act, all directors of the Company must be appointed in accordance with this Code and the Listing Rules.
- 6.3.10** A Board member should not have any significant conflict of interest that is potentially detrimental to the Company, including:
 - 6.3.10.1** affiliations with competitors of the Company;
 - 6.3.10.2** affiliations with parties that are likely to be a regular counterparty to a transaction with the Company. In practice, however, such conflicts may arise in the course of a director's tenure and procedures for dealing with these situations are contained in this Code.
- 6.3.11** Control rights of Shareholders (board representation) should, where possible, be aligned to cash flow rights (share ownership). Therefore, significant Shareholders or Shareholder groups should be represented on the Board. Nevertheless, the Board should also include independent directors not related to or affiliated with any Shareholder or Shareholder group in order to ensure that the interests of all Shareholders are represented.

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6.3.12 The Board seeks diversity in the skills, attributes, gender and experience of its members across a broad range of criteria to ensure it represents the diversity of Shareholders, business types and global regions in which the Company operates.

6.3.13 The Board elects a Chairperson who can be replaced by it at any time.

7.0 INDEPENDENCE DEFINITION

7.1 A director is regarded as having a relationship that may compromise his or her ability to act independently from Management if they:

7.1.1 Currently, or in the last three years have been employed in an executive role in the Company or any of its subsidiaries, and there has not been a period of at least three years since ceasing employment and serving on the Board;

7.1.2 Currently, or within the previous 12 months, have held a senior role in a provider of material services to the Company or any of its subsidiaries;

7.1.3 Currently, or within the last three years, have a material business relationship (i.e as a supplier or customer) with the Company or any of its subsidiaries;

7.1.4 A Substantial Holder, or a senior manager or person associated with a Substantial Holder;

7.1.5 Currently, or within the last three years, have had a material contractual relationship with the Company or any of its subsidiaries, other than as a director;

7.1.6 Have close family ties with anyone listed in the categories above;

7.1.7 Have been a director of the Company for a length of time that may compromise their independence.

7.2 If a director has such a relationship, that director cannot vote on a matter in respect of which that director is interested, nor can any vote be counted towards the board quorum in respect of that matter unless:


7.2.1 The matter is one in respect of which directors are expressly required under the Act to sign a certificate; or

7.2.2 Relates to a grant of indemnity under section 162 of the Companies Act.

7.3 A director may also be subject to voting restrictions under Rule 6.3 of the Listing Rules.

7.4 Procedures

A director must declare to the Board any relationship that might compromise his or her ability to act independently from management or any conflicts of interest that are potentially detrimental to the Company. As soon as practicable thereafter the Board, or a committee of

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the Board established for the purpose, will meet to review the relationship or conflict and determine a process to deal with the issue.

7.5 Business Relationships to be Disclosed

Before accepting appointment to the Board, and thereafter as they occur, a director is required to disclose to the Board all his or her business relationships. This should be done through an Interests Register which is updated at each Board meeting.

7.6 Openness to Review

In considering new appointments to the Board, the Board shall take such steps as may be appropriate to ensure that the Board maintains an openness to new ideas and a willingness to critically examine its performance.

7.7 Annual Report


The Company's annual report will contain all content required by law and under the Listing Rules.

8.0 ROLE OF THE CHAIRPERSON

8.1 Chairperson's Responsibilities

The Chairperson is responsible for coordinating the activities of the Board and has the following specific responsibilities:

- 8.1.1** to conduct meetings of the Board and of Shareholders;
- 8.1.2** to schedule Board meetings in a manner that enables the Board and its Committees to perform their duties responsibly while not interfering with the flow of the Company's business;
- 8.1.3** to prepare, in consultation with the CEO, other directors and Committee chairpersons, the agendas for the Board and Committee meetings;
- 8.1.4** to define the quality, quantity, and timeliness of the flow of information between Management and the Board;
- 8.1.5** to ensure that issues raised, or information requested, by any director are responded to promptly and as fully as possible;
- 8.1.6** to approve, in consultation with the Board, the retention of consultants who report directly to the Board;
- 8.1.7** to foster a constructive governance culture and assist the Board and Management in assuring compliance with and implementation of this Code and to be principally responsible for recommending revisions there to;
- 8.1.8** to promote and maintain the independence of the Board from Management;

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8.1.9 to be principally responsible for evaluating the CEO's performance and to meet with the CEO to discuss the Board's requirements and expectations and the evaluation of the CEO's performance by the board; and

8.1.10 to ensure that rigorous, formal processes for evaluating the performance of the Board, Board Committees and individual directors are in place and lead these processes.

8.2 Meetings of the Board

The Chairperson is responsible to ensure that Board meetings are sufficiently well-planned and conducted in a manner that ensures the most effective and efficient use of Board time and energy. The Chairperson takes particular responsibility for leading the Board and setting the tone for the conduct of its meetings and the way in which issues are debated. The Chairperson is responsible to ensure that adequate minutes of the proceedings of meetings of the Board are taken.

8.3 Relationship with CEO

The Chairperson is responsible for establishing a close working relationship with the CEO and acting as his or her mentor.

9.0 DIRECTOR EMPOWERMENT ASSURANCE

9.1 Empowerment

The Board recognises that the way in which it functions impacts on how well the Board performs its role as steward of the Company. Accordingly, the Board has in place procedures to ensure that the Board meets regularly, conducts its meetings in an efficient and effective manner and that each director is fully empowered to perform his or her duties as a director of the Company and to fully participate in meetings of the Board.


9.2 Meetings without CEO

Where required the Board meets without the CEO when the performance, evaluation and remuneration of the CEO and Management are reviewed.

9.3 Attendance at Meetings

Directors are expected to attend all Board meetings and when this is not possible directors can join the meeting by means of internet or electronic based communication. In circumstances where a Board member is unable to attend, apologies must be given to the Chairperson.

9.4 Convening of Meetings

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Board meetings are normally convened by the Chairperson. Any director may request the Chairperson or the Secretary to convene a meeting. Notice of a meeting must be given to all directors.

9.5 Agenda for Meetings

The agenda for normal Board meetings is determined by the Chairperson. Where a director has requested a meeting, the agenda will be as specified by that director. Board members are encouraged to submit items for inclusion in the agenda. In addition, each Board meeting has a general business item under which directors may raise issues.

9.6 Information to Directors

The Board recognises that appropriate information, provided on a timely basis, is essential to the effective discharge of its duties. The Chairperson and the CEO are responsible for ensuring appropriate Board papers (including any financial reports), that identify and fairly address the key issues concerning the Company, are prepared and distributed to Board members in a format and at a time that allows directors to be fully informed on the affairs of the Company and to properly prepare for discussion at Board meetings.

9.7 Availability of Management

The Chairperson, in consultation with the CEO, is responsible to ensure the availability of the CEO and Management when required by the Board.

9.8 Passing of Resolutions

A resolution of the Board is passed at a Board meeting by the agreement of a majority of the votes cast on it. In the case of an equality of votes the Chairperson does not have a casting vote.

9.9 Evaluation of Information


The Board evaluates the format of the information it receives at least annually.

9.10 Performance Criteria

The Board establishes and reviews from time-to-time performance criteria for itself and reviews its performance against those criteria at least annually.

9.11 Relationship with Management

The Board recognises that all directors should have access to the CEO and senior management. Each director acknowledges that the division of responsibility between Board and Management must be respected. The Board reviews its relationship with Management annually.

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9.12 Independent Advice

A director may obtain independent advice at the expense of the Company on issues related to the fulfillment of his or her duties as a director, subject to obtaining the approval of the Audit and Finance Committee prior to the incurrence of any advisory fees.

9.13 Indemnities by Company

The Company indemnifies a director upon joining the Board to the extent provided in Subpart 8 of the Act and it also indemnifies persons who undertake directorships of other companies at the request of the Company.

9.14 Insurance by Company


The Company effects director and officer's liability insurance cover for the benefit of directors and Management.

10.0 DIRECTOR RESPONSIBILITIES

10.1 Director Principal Duties

The directors are committed to the proper and responsible fulfillment of their duties to the Company and to the Shareholders. In particular, the directors are mindful of their duties contained in the Act, the Company's Constitution and the Listing Rules which include the following:

- 10.1.1** a director must ensure proper attention is given to company matters;
- 10.1.2** a director, when exercising powers or performing duties, must act honestly and in the best interests of the Company;
- 10.1.3** a director must ensure that he or she has appropriate training to be a director;
- 10.1.4** a director must exercise a power for a proper purpose;
- 10.1.5** a director must not act, or agree to the Company acting, in a manner that contravenes the law or the Constitution;
- 10.1.6** a director must not:
 - 10.1.6.1** agree to the business of the Company being carried on in a manner likely to create a substantial risk of serious loss to the Company's creditors; or
 - 10.1.6.2** cause or allow the business of the Company to be carried on in a manner likely to create a substantial risk of serious loss to the Company's creditors;
- 10.1.7** a director must not agree to the Company incurring an obligation unless the director believes at that time, on reasonable grounds, that the company will be able to perform the obligation when it is required to do so.

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10.1.8 a director when exercising powers or performing duties as a director, must exercise the care, diligence and skill that a reasonable director would exercise in the same circumstances taking into account, but without limitation:

10.1.8.1 the nature of the Company;

10.1.8.2 the nature of the decision; and

10.1.8.3 the position of the director and the nature of the responsibilities undertaken by him or her.

10.2 Delegations by the Board

The Board may delegate any of its powers (other than certain powers specified in the Companies Act 1993). However, whenever the Board delegates a power the Board remains responsible for the exercise of the power by the delegate, unless the Board:

10.2.1 believed on reasonable grounds that the delegate would exercise the power in conformity with the duties imposed on directors by the (Companies Act 1993) and the Constitution; and

10.2.2 has monitored, by means of reasonable methods properly used, the exercise of the power by the delegate.

10.3 Reliance on Information

A director may rely on information, financial data and professional or expert advice given by any of the following:

10.3.1 an employee of the Company whom the director believes on reasonable grounds to be reliable and competent in relation to the matters concerned;

10.3.2 a professional advisor or expert in relation to matters which the director believes on reasonable grounds to be within the person's competence; or

10.3.3 any other director or committee of directors upon which the director did not serve in relation to matters within the director's or committee's delegated authority.

A director may only rely on others, as described above, if the director:


10.3.4 acts in good faith;

10.3.5 makes proper enquiry where the need for enquiry is indicated by the circumstances; and

10.3.6 has no knowledge that such reliance is unwarranted.

10.4 Confidentiality of Company Information

A director must not use, take advantage of, act on, or otherwise deal with, the assets, property or confidential information of the Company and its subsidiaries, except:

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10.4.1 for the purposes of the Company or its subsidiaries;

10.4.2 as required or permitted by law; and

10.4.3 in complying with the director's obligation to disclose his or her interest in a transaction with the Company.

10.5 Authorised Disclosure of Information

A director may disclose information to a person whose interests the director represents, and may disclose, make use of, or act on information if:

10.5.1 particulars of the disclosure, use, or act are entered in the Interests Register; and

10.5.2 the disclosure, use, or act will not be likely to prejudice the Company.

10.6 Financial Products Trading Policy and Guidelines

The Board of the Company has implemented a policy and formal procedures to handle the trading in the Company's listed securities by directors and employees and advisers of the Company and any subsidiaries. All directors, officers, employees, contractors and advisers of the Company and any subsidiaries must comply with the procedures set out in the Financial Products Trading Policy and Guidelines which apply as at the date of the adoption of this Governance Code.

10.7 Inside Information

If a director has inside information on the Company (or another public issuer) he or she must not trade in, or tip others to trade in, the securities of the Company (or another public issuer).

10.8 Resigning Director

A director who resigns before the expiry of his or her term will identify to the Board his or her reasons for early retirement.

11.0 CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

11.1 General Conflicts


A director should not have any significant conflict of interest that is potentially detrimental to the Company, including:

11.1.1 material affiliations with competitors of the Company;

11.1.2 material affiliations with parties that are likely to be a regular counterparty to a transaction with the Company;

In either of these events a director should consider their ongoing role on the board.

11.2 Disclosure of Interest

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A director who is interested in a transaction with the Company must immediately disclose to the Board the nature, monetary value and extent of the interest and record it in the Interests Register.

11.3 Participation at Meetings

A director who is interested in a transaction with the Company may attend and participate at a Board meeting at which the transaction is discussed. However, such a director is not counted in the quorum and may not vote in respect of the transaction, unless it is one in respect of which directors are expressly required by the Act to sign a certificate.

11.4 Interests Register

The Board maintains an Interests Register in which are entered the required disclosures made by directors in respect of matters relating to the Company. Entries in the Interests Register are updated at every Board meeting and are disclosed in the next annual report.

11.5 Acting at Arms-length

A director who, either directly or indirectly, provides goods or services to the Company or an affiliate of the Company must act on an arms-length basis and not use his or her position as a director to influence commercial decisions by the Company or the affiliate.

12.0 COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

12.1 Purpose of Committees

The use of Committees allows issues requiring detailed consideration to be dealt with separately by members of the Board with specialist knowledge and experience, thereby enhancing the efficiency and effectiveness of the Board. However, the Board retains ultimate responsibility for the functions of its Committees and determines their responsibilities. Proceedings of the Committees are to be reported back to the Board to allow directors to question Committee members.


12.2 Exclusive Board Matters

Issues relating to the Company's mission, appointments to the Board, strategy, business and financial plans are dealt with directly by the Board.

12.3 Committees of the Board

The Board will have two standing Committees, being the Audit and Finance Committee and the Remuneration, Nomination and Health & Safety Committee.

From time-to-time the Board may constitute other additional or ad hoc Committees to deal with matters which require specialist knowledge and experience.

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12.4 Chair of Committees

Each standing Committee must be chaired by a director other than the Chairperson, where the board has enough directors (5 or more) to make this practical.

12.5 Attendance at Meetings

To be fully informed on the matters for consideration a Committee member may require the attendance of any of the CEO, Management, the Company's auditors and advisers.

12.6 Review of Committees by Board

The Board will regularly review the performance of the Audit and Finance Committee in accordance with its charter.

12.7 Publication of Committee Members

The Board will identify the members of the Audit and Finance Committee in the Company's annual report.

12.8 Audit and Finance Committee

The Audit and Finance Committee is responsible for:


12.8.1 monitoring all aspects of the external audit of the Company's affairs including:

- 12.8.1.1** considering the appointment of the auditors, the audit fee and any issues on their resignation or dismissal;
- 12.8.1.2** discussing with the auditors, before the commencement of each audit, the nature and scope of their audit;
- 12.8.1.3** reviewing the auditors service delivery plan;
- 12.8.1.4** reviewing the Company's letter of representation to the auditors; and
- 12.8.1.5** discussing with the auditors any problems, reservations, or issues arising from the audit and referring matters of a material or serious nature to the Board;

12.8.2 reviewing the half year and annual financial statements, and any other financial statements to be released by the Company, before submission to the Board, focusing particularly on:

- 12.8.2.1** any change in accounting policies and practices;
- 12.8.2.2** major judgmental areas;
- 12.8.2.3** significant adjustments;
- 12.8.2.4** the solvency of the Company;
- 12.8.2.5** the going concern assumption; and
- 12.8.2.6** compliance with accounting standards;

12.8.3 regularly reviewing the Company's internal controls and systems;

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12.8.4 monitoring and regularly reviewing the authorities, delegations and procedures under which the Company may be committed;

12.8.5 promoting integrity in all aspects of the Company's financial reporting.

12.9 Audit and Finance Committee Procedure

In carrying out its responsibilities the Audit and Finance Committee will:

12.9.1 meet at least once a year with the auditors;

12.9.2 convene a meeting if the auditors so request;

12.9.3 communicate the outcome of the meeting to the Chairperson as soon as practicable after the meeting;

12.10 Audit and Finance Committee Charter

The Audit and Finance Committee shall produce a written charter that outlines the committee's authority, duties, responsibilities and relationship with the Board. The Audit and Finance Committee charter shall be readily available to Shareholders. The Audit and Finance Committee is bound by the Charter in place as at the date of the adoption of this Governance Code.

12.11 Composition of the Audit and Finance Committee

The Audit and Finance Committee shall have at least 2 members, comprise solely of the Company's directors and have a majority of independent directors with at least one member with an accounting or financial background. The members are appointed by the Board which also appoints the Chair of the Committee.


12.12 Remuneration, Nomination and Health & Safety Committee

The Remuneration, Nomination and Health & Safety Committee is responsible for ensuring that the Company has appropriate employment and health & safety practices including:

12.12.1 championing and promoting health & safety on behalf of the Board and ensuring a proactive culture and practices to create a safe and healthy working environment;

12.12.2 reviewing Health & Safety policies and reports to ensure the Company is providing a safe working environment for all employees and contractors, and that it complies with all statutory and regulatory requirements pertaining to Health & Safety;

12.12.3 reviewing and advising the Board on the terms of appointment and remuneration of employees of the Company and its subsidiaries including executive directors;

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12.12.4 overseeing and recommending remuneration policy and practices across the group for consideration by the Board and making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive directors;

12.12.5 reviewing working environments and succession planning for Management;

12.12.6 reviewing the terms of the employment arrangements with Management to develop consistent group-wide employment practices subject to regional differences;

12.12.7 advising the Board on the remuneration of its members, the CEO and senior management;

12.12.8 recommending director appointments to the Board; and
establishing a formal and transparent process for the nomination and appointment of directors.

12.13 Remuneration, Nomination and Health & Safety Committee

The Remuneration, Nominations and Health & Safety Committee shall produce a written charter that outlines the Committee's authority, duties, responsibilities and relationship with the Board. The Remuneration, Nomination and Health & Safety Committee shall be readily available to Shareholders. The Remuneration, Nomination and Health & Safety Committee is bound by the Charter in place as at the date of adoption of this Governance Code.

12.14 Composition of Remuneration, Nomination and Health & Safety Committee

The Committee will consist of the Chair, CEO and one non-executive director of the Board. The members are appointed by the Board which also appoints the Chair of the Committee.

12.15 Minutes

Minutes of the proceedings of every Committee meeting shall be taken and circulated to each member of the Board.


13.0 EXTERNAL AUDIT POLICY

13.1 Appointment of Auditors

The auditors of the Company shall be appointed on professional merit and must satisfy the definition of "qualified auditor" as defined in the Listing Rules.

13.2 Independence of Auditors

The Audit and Finance Committee and Board should be satisfied prior to the appointment of the Company's auditors that there is no relationship between the proposed auditors and the

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Company or any related person that could compromise the independence of the auditors and have received written confirmation to that effect from the auditors.

13.3 Full and Frank Dialogue

The Board recognises the importance of and shall facilitate full and frank dialogue among the Audit and Finance Committee, the auditors and Management.

13.4 Rotation of Audit Leader

The auditors' lead and engagement audit partners should be rotated after a maximum of five years such that no such persons shall be engaged in an audit of the Company for more than five consecutive years.

13.5 Report on Audit Fees

The Board shall annually report to Shareholders and stakeholders on the amount of fees paid to the auditors for both audit and non-audit work and shall separately identify fees paid for each category of non-audit work.

13.6 Report on Non-Audit Work

The Board shall state in the annual report:

- 13.6.1** what non-audit work (if any) was undertaken by the auditors and why this did not compromise the independence of the auditors;
- 13.6.2** how the Board has satisfied themselves on auditor quality and effectiveness;
- 13.6.3** the approach taken to tenure and reappointment of auditors;
- 13.6.4** any identified threats to auditor independence and, if so, how this threat has been mitigated.

14.0 REMUNERATION POLICY


14.1 Alignment of interest with Shareholders

The Board promotes the alignment of the interests of the directors, the CEO and Management with the long-term interests of Shareholders.

14.2 Review Process

The Board shall annually review and recommend changes to remuneration structure and policy within the Company. The Board shall annually review the remuneration packages of the Chairperson, the directors, the CEO and Management, and shall review the remuneration packages of directors at least every second year.

14.3 External Advisers

POLICY	
Title: Governance Code	Document ID: CP003

In reviewing the remuneration proposed for directors, the CEO and Management, the Board may seek external advice from a recognised and competent source, including an evaluation against comparable peer groups.

14.4 Remuneration Levels

The Board has a policy that executives, executive directors and non-executive directors should receive remuneration that is fair and reasonable in a competitive market for the skills, knowledge and experience required by the Company.

14.5 Executive and Non-Executive Remuneration

The Board recognises that it is desirable that executive (including executive director) remuneration should include an element dependent upon the performance of both the Company and the individual and should be clearly differentiated from non-executive director remuneration.

14.6 Retiring Director Remuneration

No special remuneration will be paid to a retiring director without the authority of an ordinary resolution of Shareholders, except as permitted by the Listing Rules.

15.0 THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

15.1 Responsibilities of CEO

The CEO is the senior executive of the Company and is responsible for:


- 15.1.1** formulating the vision for the Company;
- 15.1.2** recommending policy and the strategic direction of the Company for approval by the Board;
- 15.1.3** providing management of the day to day operations of the Company; and
- 15.1.4** acting as the spokesperson of the Company.

15.2 No Appointment as Chairperson

The CEO is not eligible to be appointed as the Chairperson. A Chairperson may, however, assume the post of CEO concurrently on a temporary basis when the post of CEO is vacant, for a period not longer than six months. After the initial period of six months, if a CEO has not been appointed, the Board may extend the Chairperson's CEO post for another maximum period of six months.

15.3 Independence of the Board

The CEO undertakes to respect the independence of directors so as to permit the Board to challenge management decisions objectively and evaluate corporate performance.

POLICY	
Title: Governance Code	Document ID: CP003

15.4 Other Boards

The CEO will not accept appointment to the board of other companies except for family companies and directorships undertaken at the request of the Company where the Company has a significant interest, except with the consent of the Board.

15.5 Disclosure

The period of the CEO's employment contract will be disclosed in each annual report.

16.0 SHAREHOLDER PARTICIPATION

16.1 Constitution

The rights of Shareholders are referred to in the Companies Act 1993, the Listing Rules and the Company's Constitution which is available to all Shareholders.

16.2 Board Accountable to Shareholders

The Board is appointed by, and accountable to, Shareholders.

16.3 Reports to Shareholders

The Board values the opportunity to give comprehensive yet accessible interim and full year reports to Shareholders and to meet with them annually

16.4 Annual Meeting

The Board recognises that the annual meeting is an important forum at which Shareholders can meet with the Board and it encourages Shareholders to use the forum to ask questions and make comments on the performance of the Company.

16.5 Directors Attendance

In usual circumstances all directors will attend the annual meeting.


16.6 Questions from Shareholders

The Board welcomes input from Shareholders and encourages Shareholders to submit questions in writing prior to the annual meeting so that an informed answer can be given at the meeting. The Board will ensure that the Company's external auditors are available for questioning by Shareholders at the annual meeting.

16.7 Questions not Fully Answered

Questions which are not fully answered at a meeting will be replied to in writing as soon as practicable after the meeting subject to the Company's confidentiality obligations to third parties.

16.8 Company website

POLICY	
Title: Governance Code	Document ID: CP003

The Board recognises that maintaining an up-to-date website is an important way in which Shareholders can readily access key information (including annual reports) about the Company.

17.0 REPORTING AND DISCLOSURE

17.1 Annual Report

In addition to all information required by law, the Board acknowledges that the Company's annual report should include sufficient meaningful information to enable Shareholders and stakeholders to be well informed on the affairs of the Company.

17.2 Financial Reports

The CEO, Chief Financial Officer (or equivalent officers) and at least one director of the Company shall certify in the published financial reports of the Company that the reports comply with generally accepted accounting standards and present a true and fair view of the financial affairs of the Company.

17.3 Continuous Disclosure

The Chief Financial Officer shall be responsible for the Company's compliance with statutory and NZX continuous disclosure requirements and the Board shall be advised of, and consider, continuous disclosure issues at each Board meeting.

17.4 Breaches of Policy


Directors are expected to adhere to the principles recorded in this document (including the appendices) and may be subject to disciplinary action for breach of any of the Company's governance policies. All Directors have a positive obligation to report any breaches of the Company's governance policies to the Chairperson in the first instance. In the case of breach by the Chairperson, the breach must be reported to the Deputy Chairperson.

Any decision regarding whether to take action with respect to the breach of the Company's governance policies will be made by a subcommittee of the Board created to take action against breaches of the Company's governance policies. All suspected breaches will be thoroughly investigated by the subcommittee. In the case of material or willful breaches, the subcommittee has the power to, amongst other things, request that the director resign from office or call a meeting of shareholders to request the director's removal from office.

17.5 Compliance with NZX Listing Rules

For as long as the Company remains listed on the NZX:

17.5.1 It will comply with all applicable Listing Rules;

POLICY	
Title: Governance Code	Document ID: CP003

17.5.2 Any NZX rulings authorising an act or omission will be deemed to be authorised by this Code unless it contains a contrary intention; and

17.5.3 Subject to (17.5.2), if a provision in this Code is inconsistent with the Listing Rules, the Listing Rules will prevail.

18.0 ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

CP001 Audit and Finance Committee Charter

CP002 Code of Ethics

CP004 Remuneration, Nomination and Health & Safety Committee Charter

CP006 Financial Products Trading Policy

Constitution of Cannasouth Limited

19.0 REFERENCES

Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013

Companies Act (1993)

NZX Listing Rules

20.0 AUTHORISATION AND REVIEW

This Cannasouth Limited Governance Code was first authorised by the Board on 24 April 2019.

This Governance Code is to be reviewed at least annually by the board.

21.0 REVIEW DETAILS

Adopted: April 2019

Last revised: October 2022

Next review due: October 2023